MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>		Page
	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	9
B-1	Statement of Activities	10
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	12
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	14
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	15
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	17
	Fiduciary Funds:	
E-1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	18
E-2	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position	19
	Notes to the Financial Statements	20
	Required Supplementary Information	
G-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	41
G-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Fund	42
G-3	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	43
G-4	Schedule of Employer Contributions	45
G-5	Notes to the Schedule of Contributions	46
	Supplementary Information	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	47
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	53
H-3	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position- Custodial Funds	59
H-4	Combining Statement Additions, Deductions and Changes in Net Position- Custodial Funds	62



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Judge and County Commissioners County of McCulloch Brady, Texas 76825

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of McCulloch, Texas, (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

TEL: 830 997 3348 EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.com

P.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624

MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of McCulloch, Texas, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 through 8), budgetary comparison information (pages 41 through 42) and the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, and notes to the schedule of contributions (pages 43 through 46) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of McCulloch's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 11, 2022, on our consideration of the County of McCulloch, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of McCulloch, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County of McCulloch, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas April 11, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of McCulloch County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the County for the year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the County's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,139,207 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,372,508 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizen's and creditors.
- The County's net position increased by \$853,672 as a result of this year's operations.
- At September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,299,959, an increase of \$1,119,621 in comparison with the prior year, including a prior period adjustment of \$27,771.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (on pages 12-13 & 15-16) report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the County.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 20) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules (General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund) pages 41 and 42, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, page 43, the Schedule of Employer Contributions, page 45 and the Notes to the Schedule of Contributions, page 46 are presented as required supplementary information

The combining statements (starting on page 47) for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the County's individual funds.

Reporting the County as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The County's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who pay for the costs of some programs and grants provided by the outside parties and agencies (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or other unrestricted sources (general revenues). All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in them. The County's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider other factors as well, such as changes in the County's customers or its property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County has one kind of activity:

Governmental activity - Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including public safety, roads and bridges, health and human services, culture and recreation, county courts and general administration. Property taxes, user charges, sales tax and grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements on pages 12-13 & 15-16 provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. Laws and contracts require the County to establish some funds, such as grants received from a government agency. The County's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

Governmental funds - Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in the reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the County's governmental activities.

Net position of the County's governmental activities increased from \$17,257,764 to \$18,139,207. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - was \$6,372,508 at September 30, 2021. This increase in governmental net position was the result of several factors. First, the County's revenues exceeded the expenditures by \$1,091,850. Second, the County paid principal on long-term debt in the amount of \$944,408. Third, the County acquired capital assets in the amount of \$20,000. Fourth, the County recorded depreciation in the amounts of \$1,019,174. Fifth, a net increase of \$61,407 due to the required entries of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Table I McCulloch County, Texas

NET POSITION in thousands

		Gov	ern	mental
		A	ctiv	ities
		2021		2020
Current and Other Assets	\$	9,114	\$	7,508
Capital Assets	v_	21,088		22,401
Total Assets	\$	30,202	\$	29,909
Deferred Outflow of Resources	•		•	
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension	\$	362	\$	131
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	362	\$	131
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	10,224	\$	11,233
Other Liabilities		1,945		1,341
Total Liabilities	\$	12,169	\$	12,574
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-			
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension	\$	256	\$	208
Net Position:	-			
Net Investment in				
Capital Assets	\$	10,033	\$	10,644
Restricted		1,734		1,478
Unrestricted		6,372		5,136
Total Net Position	\$	18,139	\$	17,258

Table II McCulloch County, Texas

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

in thousands

	Gove Act	
_	2021	2020
Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,369
Property Taxes	5,361	5,238
Sales Tax	586	939
Investment Earnings	69	90
Miscellaneous	65	398
Grants & Contributions - Operating	314	678
Grants & Contributions - Capital	205	1
Total Revenue	\$ 7,665	\$ 8,713
Expenses:		
General Administration	\$ 1,539	\$ 1,629
Judicial	936	623
Elections	58	25
Public Safety	2,177	2,072
Road and Bridge	916	1,511
Parks	1	308
Non-departmental	768	721
Veteran's Service Office	8	11
Ag Extension	101	91
Debt Service - Interest on long-term debt	307	332
Total Expenses	\$ 6,811	\$ 7,323
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 854	\$ 1,390
Net Position, Beginning	17,258	15,868
Prior Period Adjustment	27	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 18,139	\$ 17,258

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6,810,253. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 10, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$5,361,400 because the other costs were paid by sales tax (\$585,966), operating and capital grants (\$518,891), user charges (\$1,064,762) and other miscellaneous (\$132,906).

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$7,299,959, which is more than last year's total of \$6,180,338. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$1,064,622 in the County's General Fund. The primary reason for the General Fund's decrease is due to revenues exceeded expenditures.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the General and Road and Bridge Fund Budgets. The County amended the original budget; actual revenues were more than budgeted amounts in the General Fund and more than budgeted amounts in the Road and Bridge Fund. Actual expenditures were less than the budgeted amounts in the General Fund and more than budgeted amounts in the Road and Bridge Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of September 30, 2021, the County had \$21,088,081 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles and equipment and other improvements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

in thousands

	,		ernn tivi	nental ties
		2021		2020
Land	\$	201	\$	201
Infrastructure		1,929		1,929
Buildings & Improvements		21,209		21,209
Furniture and Equipment		3,130		4,155
Vehicles		579		570
Total Capital Assets	\$	27,048	\$	28,064
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		5,960		5,663
Capital Assets, Net	\$	21,088	\$	22,401

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 3.E. to the financial statements.

DEBT

At September 30, 2021, the County had the following outstanding debt:

OUTSTANDING DEBT

in thousands

Governmental

	-	Ac	tiviti	es
	_	2021	-0.	2020
Notes Payable	\$	96	\$ _	96
Capital Leases Payable		1,134		1,478
Compensated Absences		22		42
Bonds Payable	-	9,841		10,427
Total Outstanding Debt	\$_	11,093	. \$ _	12,043

At year-end, the County had \$95,527 in notes payable, \$9,841,040 in bonds outstanding and \$1,134,299 in capital leases payable. During the year, the County paid \$944,408 in principal on the outstanding long-term debt.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3.F., 3.G., 3.H. and 3.I. to the financial statements.

FUTURE ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued the following potentially significant statements which the County has not yet adopted, and which required adoption subsequent to September 30, 2021.

Statement No.

<u>Title</u>

Adoption Required

87

Leases

September 30, 2022

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2022 budget and tax rates. The major factors are the economy, population growth, and assessed property valuation. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund budgets for 2022. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$5,472,313 and expenditures are estimated to be \$5,472,313. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General fund balance is expected to remain the same by the end of fiscal year 2022. Amount available in the Road and Bridge Fund budget are \$762,375 and expenditures are estimated to be \$762,375. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary Road and Bridge fund balance is expected to remain the same by the end of fiscal year 2022.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Treasurer's office, at McCulloch County, Texas, Brady, Texas.



Primary Government

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Timilary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current Accounts Receivable, Net Prepaid Items Restricted Cash Capital Assets:	\$ 7,647,925 400,000 625,407 254 101,022
Land Purchase and Improvements Infrastructure, Net Buildings, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net Vehicles, Net Net Pension Asset	200,615 1,176,194 17,716,803 1,799,199 195,270 339,183
Total Assets	30,184,621
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	361,510
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	361,510
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable Wages and Salaries Payable Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenues	128,708 121,518 22,330 37,468 803,399
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Debt Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities	831,554 10,223,622 12,168,599
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	255,576
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	255,576
	233,370
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	10,032,905
Restricted for Special Revenue Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	1,605,378 128,416 6,372,508
Total Net Position	\$ 18,139,207

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			ies
	Expenses		Charges for Services	C	Operating irants and ntributions
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
General Administrative	\$ 1,538,604	\$	244,378	\$	96,448
Judicial	935,497		74,135		-
Elections	57,706				120,000
Public Safety	2,176,406		305,972		22,301
Road & Bridge	916,025		440,277		43,636
Parks	1,284		-		-
Non-Departmental	768,017		-		31,185
Veteran's Service Office	8,210		-		-
Ag Extension	101,161		-		-
Interest on Debt	307,343		-		-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,810,253	\$	1,064,762	\$	313,570

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Miscellaneous Revenue Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position- Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Capital	Pri	mary Governmer
Grants and		Governmental
 Contributions		
\$ =	\$	(1,197,778)
-	•	(861,362)
-		62,294
-		(1,848,133)
205,321		(226,791)
· -		(1,284)
9=		(736,832)
-		(8,210)
-		(101,161)
·=		(307,343)
\$ 205,321		(5,226,600)
		4,576,449 784,951 585,966 9,183 54,686 429 68,608
		853,672
		17,257,764
		27,771
	\$	18,139,207

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund	I	Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,997,774	\$	632,405	\$	777,090
Investments - Current		400,000		-	50000	-
Taxes Receivable		94,253		-		-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(14,138)		=		-
Accounts Receivable, Net		90,720		109,615		
Due from Other Funds		-		35,993		_
Prepaid Items		254		_		_
Restricted Cash		-		101,022		-
Total Assets	\$	5,568,863	\$	879,035	\$	777,090
LIABILITIES					-	
Accounts Payable	\$	77,179	\$	51,529	\$	_
Wages and Salaries Payable		111,558		9,960	•	
Due to Other Funds		35,993		-		
Unearned Revenues		28,000		=		775,399
Total Liabilities		252,730		61,489		775,399
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			_			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		80,115		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		80,115		-	-	_
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for Road & Bridge				817,546		_
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		1,691
Other Assigned Fund Balance		_		-		-
Unassigned Fund Balance		5,236,018		-		-
Total Fund Balances	-	5,236,018		817,546		1,691
Fotal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	•	5,568,863	\$	879,035		777,090

	Debt Service Fund		Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	125,310	\$	1,115,346	\$	7,647,925
	-		-		400,000
	14,423		423		109,099
	(2,163)		(127)		(16,428)
	3,106		942		204,383
			-		35,993
	=		-		254
_					101,022
\$	140,676	\$	1,116,584	\$	8,482,248
				-	
\$	_	\$	-	\$	128,708
	-		_	200	121,518
	-		_		35,993
	-		-		803,399
	-		E .		1,089,618
				_	
	12,260		296		92,671
	12,260		296		92,671
				_	
			-		817,546
	128,416		_		128,416
	-		786,141		787,832
	1-1		330,147		330,147
	-		-		5,236,018
	128,416	_	1,116,288	_	7,299,959
\$	140,676	\$	1,116,584	\$	8,482,248

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

_		
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,299,959
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	10,302,116
	Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2021 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	964,408
	The County reported their net pension liability in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. The items reported as a result of this implementation included a Net Pension Asset of \$339,183, a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$361,510 and a Deferred Resource Inflow of \$255,576. The net effect of these was to increase ending net position by \$445,117.	445,117
	The 2021 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(1,019,174)
	Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of noncurrent loans as an increase in notes payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	146,781
	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 18,139,207

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 4,044,415		\$
General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes	585,966	~	
Penalty and Interest on Taxes	9,183	=	
Licenses and Permits	46,519	-	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	5,400	240.055	
Charges for Services	269,934 352,654	248,957	
Fines	352,654 218,911	428,404	
Investment Earnings	43,451	11,924 15,965	1,69
Other Revenue	102,517	2,743	1,09
Total Revenues	5,678,950	1,071,632	1,691
EXPENDITURES:		1,071,032	
Current:			
General Administrative	1,250,803		
Judicial	758,446	-	
Elections	29,260		
Public Safety	1,845,530		
Public Works:	1,015,550	_	
Road & Bridge	-	779,825	
Culture and Recreation:		777,023	
Non-Departmental	762,936	-	
Veteran's Service Office	8,210	_	
Conservation and Development:			
Ag Extension	84,733	_	
Debt Service:			
Principal on Debt	66,004	292,404	
Interest on Debt	7,374	39,060	Я
Total Expenditures	4,813,296	1,111,289	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	865,654	(39,657)	1,691
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Sale of Real and Personal Property		195 590	
Noncurrent Loans	-	175,579	
Transfers In	198,968	14,000	
Transfers Out	176,706	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	198,968	189,579	(
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,064,622	149,922	1,691
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)			1,091
Prior Period Adjustment	4,171,396	667,624	•
-			-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 5,236,018	\$ 817,546	\$ 1,691

_							
	Debt Service Fund		Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	776,645	\$	110,925	\$ 5,295,624 585,966			
			_	9,183			
	7,961		206	54,686			
	_		_	5,400 518,891			
	_		43,003	824,061			
	· - 0		4,465	235,300			
	980		6,521	68,608			
	1	_	69,665	174,925			
	785,586		234,785	7,772,644			
	-		15,548	1,266,351			
	=		12,156	770,602			
	-		18,365	47,625			
	-		11,567	1,857,097			
	#		.=	779,825			
	=		7,362	770,298			
	<u>.</u>		-	8,210			
	-		æ	84,733			
	586,000		.=	944,408			
No.	294,790		-	341,224			
	880,790		64,998	6,870,373			
_	(95,204)		169,787	902,271			
	=		-	175,579			
	_		=	14,000			
	151,981		2,823	353,772			
_	-	-	(353,772)	(353,772)			
	151,981		(350,949)	189,579			
	56,777		(181,162)	1,091,850			
	71,639		1,269,679	6,180,338			
			27,771	27,771			
\$	128,416	\$	1,116,288	\$ 7,299,959			

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,091,850
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2021 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	964,408
The entries required by GASB 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$335,451 and total debits to expenses were \$274,044. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase of \$61,407.	61,407
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(1,019,174)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of loans, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease the change in net position.	(244,819)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 853,672

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 499,500
Accounts Receivable, Net	6,949
Total Assets	506,449
LIABILITIES	
Intergovernmental Payable	57,641
Total Liabilities	57,641
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Other Purposes	448,808
Total Net Position	\$ 448,808

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Investment Earnings	\$ 629
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	4,678
Other Revenue	3,283,590
Total Additions	3,288,897
DEDUCTIONS:	
Other Operating Costs	3,285,413
Total Deductions	3,285,413
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	3,484
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	-
Prior Period Adjustment	445,324
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 448,808

McCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of McCulloch County, Texas (the County) have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The County is an independent unit and is managed by a governing body of elected officials. The Commissioners' Court, which is made up of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by statutes of the State of Texas; general administration, tax and recording (e.g. tax collection), judicial (courts, juries, etc.), legal (County Attorney, etc.), public safety (sheriff, jail, etc.) and transportation. The accompanying financial statements present the County's primary government.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there were no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimized the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include: (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria.

a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund, the primary operating fund of the County, is always classified as a major fund. It is the basic fund of the County and covers all activities for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the County other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the County's debt.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The Permanent Improvement Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of road and bridge projects.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Custodial Funds

Major Fund

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the County. The County uses custodial funds to account for assets held in an agent capacity for other governments.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor. The major funds are as follows:

	-
General Fund	See above for description.
Special Revenue Fund:	
Road & Bridge Fund	Accounts for all road and bridge construction and maintenance activity.
Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Accounts for grant proceeds and related expenditures for funds appropriated from the American Rescue Plan Act.
Debt Service Fund	Accounts for the collection of taxes to pay principal and interest on bonds.

Brief Description

Nonmajor funds consist of special revenue funds and are detailed in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements - Nonmajor Funds.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. Agency and private purpose trust funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expense, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statement, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Also under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

1.D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

Cash and Cash Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "Cash and Cash Equivalents" includes demand deposit accounts and government investment pools. All amounts are considered available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents."

Several funds may be invested in an investment account and each fund has an equity interest therein. Interest earned on the Investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances of uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The major receivable balances for the governmental activities relate to property taxes and court fines and fees.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible.

Ad Valorem taxes have been reported in the financial statements net of the allowance for uncollectible taxes. Ad Valorem taxes are prorated between maintenance, and special revenues based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible within the General and Special Revenue Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. The County is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific authority from the Texas Legislature.

Ad Valorem property taxes attach as enforceable liens as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, payable October 1, and are delinquent February 1. The majority of the County's property tax collections occur during December and early January each year. To the extent that County property tax revenue results in current receivables as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), they are recognized when levied.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available.

Capital Assets

Government-wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$7,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 25 - 50 years
Infrastructure 5 - 50 years
Vehicles 5 years
Machinery and Equipment 2 - 15 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and comp time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences.

- 1. Leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. Leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness.

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued as long-term debt in the government-wide statements.

Upon termination from County employment, an employee shall be entitled to payment for total accrued but unused days of vacation not accumulated beyond 80 hours. Comp time earned, but not taken, is paid at termination. Unused sick leave is not paid at termination.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in non-spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. Commissioners' Court). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the Commissioners' Court or by an official or body to which the Commissioners' Court

delegates the authority.

• Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Commissioners' Court establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Commissioners' Court through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in a separate section following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred revenue. Unavailable revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by Character:

Current (further classified by function)
Debt Service
Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the County is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the County's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over County resources follows.

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The County Judge and staff prepare the proposed budget, using revenue estimates furnished by the County Treasurer and submit the data to Commissioners Court. A public hearing is held on the budget by Commissioners Court. Before determining the final budget, Commissioners Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. In the final budget, which is usually adopted in September, expenditures for current operating funds cannot exceed the estimated available cash balances in such funds on October 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year. At any time during the year, Commissioners Court may increase the budget for unexpected revenues. Commissioners Court may transfer amounts among individual budget line items within major expenditure categories during the year, but no such transfer may increase the overall total of the budget. Formal budgetary integration is employed for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects operations. Budgets for these funds are prepared on a cash basis. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

3.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2021 the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$8,147,425 and the bank balance was \$7,969,495. The County's cash deposits held at Commercial National Bank at September 30, 2021 and during the year ended September 30, 2021 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual funds, (8) Investment pools and guaranteed investment contracts. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the

requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Investments consisted of certificates of deposits as follows:

Investment Type		Carrying Amount		Market Value		FDIC Coverage	Pledged Securities
Certificates of Deposit	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	250,000	\$ 9,480,964

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investments (certificates of deposit) were secured by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2021, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Restricted Cash

The County's funds in West Texas Rural Counties Association (WTRCA) in the Designated Member Equity Fund at September 30, 2021 are presented in the financial statements as restricted cash and are summarized below:

	Balance 9/30/2020	Deposits	Withdrawals	 Balance 9/30/2021
Precinct 1 Precinct 2	\$ 51,022 30,000	\$	\$	\$ 51,022 30,000
Precinct 3 Precinct 4	20,000			-
1 recinet 4	\$ 101,022	\$ 	\$	\$ 20,000 101,022

The funds remain the property of McCulloch County and are subject to the Designated Member Equity Fund Regulations established by the Board of Directors. Monies on deposit in this fund are designated member equity in a self-insurance pool, as allowed by statute. Monies on deposit in this fund are not an investment. An annual dividend of 10% was approved by McCulloch County on this equity fund for the current fiscal year by the WTRCA Board of Directors. Withdrawals of Designated Member Equity can be made with twelve (12) months written notice, or with WTRCA Board of Directors approval in the event of a financial emergency within the Member County.

3.B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General	_	Road and Bridge		Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery	ī.	Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		TOTAL
Receivables:												
Property Taxes	\$	94,253	\$	-	\$		\$	14,423	\$	423	\$	109,099
Other		90,720	_	109,615	_		_	3,106		942		204,383
Gross Receivables	\$	184,973	\$	109,615	\$	-	\$	17,529	\$	1,365	\$	313,482
Less: Allowance for												
Uncollectibles	-	14,138	-		-		_	2,163	-	127	-	16,428
Net Total Receivables	\$_	170,835	\$_	109,615	\$_		\$_	15,366	\$_	1,238	\$_	297,054

Governmental funds report *Deferred Inflows of Resources- Unavailable Revenue* in connections with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report *Unearned Revenue* or defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, *Unavailable and Unearned Revenues* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	80,115
Debt Service Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		12,260
Other Governmental Funds -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	296
TOTAL UNA VAILA BLE AND UNEARNED REVENUES	\$	92,671

3.C. COURT FINES AND FEES RECEIVABLE

With the implementation of GASB Statement Number 34, the County has determined the amount of court fines and fees receivable to be \$1,313,412, which represents amounts owed and outstanding for several years. Based on historical collection rates for the various courts, the County has estimated an allowance for uncollectible court fines and fees of \$985,059, resulting in a net receivable of \$328,353.

3.D. PROPERTY TAXES

The County contracted with the McCulloch County Appraisal District for the appraisal of taxes. Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. For the 2020 tax roll, the total assessed valuation for McCulloch County was \$662,095,644 and the taxes assessed amounted to \$5,251,163. The total tax rate was \$.7800 per \$100 valuation and allocated \$.6631 to the General, \$.1140 to the Debt Service Fund and \$.0029 to the Special Road and Bridge Fund. The maximum levy allowed by the State law for the above purposes is \$0.80 per \$100 valuation.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Due to the immaterial amount of additional property taxes receivable after the 60-day period, no additional accrual is made in the government-wide financial statements.

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021.

		Primary Government										
		Beginning						Ending				
	_	Balance		Additions		Retirements		Balance				
Governmental Activities:						,						
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated												
Land	\$_	200,615	\$	_	\$	=	\$	200,615				
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	\$	200,615	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,615				
Capital Assets, Depreciated												
Infrastructure		1,928,955		_				1,928,955				
Buildings and Improvements		21,209,147				-		21,209,147				
Furniture and Equipment		4,146,025		20,000		(1,036,182)		3,129,843				
Vehicles	_	579,718				_		579,718				
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	\$ _	27,863,845	\$	20,000	\$	(1,036,182)	\$	26,847,663				
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:												
Infrastructure		656,313		96,448				752,761				
Buildings and Improvements		3,001,152		491,192		_		3,492,344				
Furniture and Equipment		1,710,094		343,010		(722,460)		1,330,644				
Vehicles		295,924		88,524				384,448				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$_	5,663,483	\$	1,019,174	\$	(722,460)	\$	5,960,197				
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	\$	22,200,362	\$	(999,174)	\$	(313,722)	\$	20,887,466				
Governmental Activities	-		•		-							
Capital Assets, Net	\$ =	22,400,977	\$.	(999,174)	\$_	(313,722)	\$	21,088,081				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follow:

Governmental Activities:	
General Administration	\$ 287,615
Judicial	173,974
Elections	10,081
Public Safety	366,853
Road & Bridge	162,009
Parks	1,284
Ag Extension	17,358
Total Depreciation Expense-	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,019,174

3.F. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the County for the year ended September 30, 2021.

	Beginning Balance		A	dditions	Re	tirements	Ending Balance		e Within ne Year	
Governmental Activities:		Dulanoo		redictions		thoments	 Datance		nic real	
Notes Payable -										
First Financial Bank	\$	44,420	\$	-	\$	14,310	\$ 30,110	\$	14,799	
Government Capital		51,417		-		-	51,417		9,982	
Commercial National Bank		-		14,000			14,000		4,442	
Total Notes Payable	\$	95,837	\$	14,000	\$	14,310	\$ 95,527	\$	29,223	
Bonds Payable-										
Bond Series 2008	\$	375,000	\$		\$	120,000	\$ 255,000	\$	125,000	
Bond Series 2017		8,655,000		-		290,000	8,365,000	120	300,000	
Tax Note Series 2019		1,146,000		-		176,000	970,000		181,000	
Bond Premium		251,040		-		*	251,040			
Total Bonds Payable	\$	10,427,040	\$	-	\$	586,000	\$ 9,841,040	\$	606,000	
Capital Leases-										
American National Leasing	\$	958,597	\$	-	\$	147,440	\$ 811,157	\$	172,772	
Catepillar Financial		341,279		-		18,137	323,142		23,559	
Total Capital Leases	\$	1,299,876	\$	-	\$	165,577	\$ 1,134,299	\$	196,331	
Compensated Absences	_\$_	41,928			_\$	19,598	\$ 22,330			
TOTAL	\$	11,864,681	\$	14,000	\$	785,485	\$ 11,093,196	\$	831,554	

3.G. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

\$1,525,000 Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008, principal amounts on these certificates are due and payable annually beginning June 1, 2009. Interest is due and payable semi-annually beginning December 1, 2008 at a rate of 3.797%. These certificates will be paid in full on June 1, 2023.	\$ 255,000
\$9,355,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017, principal amounts on these bonds are due and payable annually beginning February 15, 2018. Interest is due and payable semi-annually beginning February 15, 2018, at a rate of 2.99%. These bonds will be paid in full on February 15, 2037.	8,365,000
\$1,305,000 Tax Note, Series 2019, principal amounts on these notes are due and payable annually beginning February 15, 2020. Interest is due and payable semi-annually beginning February 15, 2020, at a rate of 2.39%. These notes will be paid in full on February 15, 2026.	970,000
Total Bonds Payable	 \$ 9,590,000

The annual requirements for principal and interest on the outstanding bonds are as follows:

Year Ended			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 606,000	\$ 277,152	\$ 883,152
2023	623,000	258,922	881,922
2024	649,000	238,021	887,021
2025	665,000	219,512	884,512
2026	687,000	200,474	887,474
2027-2031	2,630,000	761,550	3,391,550
2032-2036	3,060,000	335,550	3,395,550
2037-2041	670,000	10,050	680,050
Totals	\$ 9,590,000	\$ 2,301,231	\$ 11,891,231

3.H. **NOTES PAYABLE**

Notes payable at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Note payable for financing law enforcement software dated December 22, 2017, principal and interest of \$16,022 due annually, interest rate 4.05%, final maturity date February 15, 2023

30,110

Note payable for financing election equipment dated August 24, 2020, principal and interest of \$11,408 due annually, interest rate 3.395%, final maturity date October 31, 2025

51,417

Note payable for financing equipment dated February 25, 2021, principal and interest of \$5,104 due annually, interest rate 4.5%, final maturity date March 15, 2024

14,000

20,761

TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE

95,527

Year Ended						
September 30	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2022	\$	28,653	\$	3,880	\$	32,533
2023		29,967		2,567		32,534
2024		15,204		1,308		16,512
2025		10,671		737		11,408
2026		11,032		375		11,407
Totals	\$	95,527	\$_	8,867	\$_	104,394

3.I. CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

Capital leases payable at September 30, 2021 consists of the following:

Capital lease for financing a 2019 Chevy Tahoe dated March 1, 2019, principal and interest of \$12,745 due annually with a final balloon payment of \$9,000, interest rate 4.740%, final maturity date March 1, 2022 \$ Capital lease to refinance two 2019 Caterpillar motor graders dated August 14, 2020, principal and interest of \$25,403 due on each lease annually with a 347,494 final balloon payment of \$88,384 for each lease, interest rate 2.85%, final maturity date March 1, 2025

Capital lease for financing a 2019 Chevy Tahoe dated June 27, 2019, principal and interest of \$11,172 due annually with a final balloon payment of \$9,000, interest rate 4.550%, final maturity date June 27, 2022	19,301
Capital lease for financing a 2019 Chevy 1500 Crew 4x4 dated June 27, 2019, principal and interest of \$7,970 due annually with a final balloon payment of \$9,000, interest rate 4.550%, final maturity date June 27, 2022	16,232
Capital lease to finance two Caterpillar motor graders dated September 12, 2019, principal and interest of \$35,000 due annually with a final balloon payment of \$249,922, interest rate 3.5%, final maturity date August 6, 2024	323,142
Capital lease to refinance an extension office vehicle dated March 1, 2020, principal and interest of \$11,250 due annually, interest rate 2.65%, final maturity date March 1, 2023	21,386
Capital lease to refinance a track loader with mulcher dated August 14, 2020, principal and interest of \$32,389 due annually, interest rate 2.65%, final maturity date March 1, 2022	31,554
Capital lease to finance a motor grader dated July 29, 2020, principal and interest of \$5,256 due annually with a balloon payment of \$150,000, interest rate 2.85%, final maturity date August 14, 2025	153,653
Capital lease to refinance a motor grader date August 14, 2020, principal and interest of \$23,564 due annually with a balloon payment of \$125,721, interest rate 2.65%, final maturity date December 15, 2023	164,632
Capital lease to finance a 2019 Tahoe for the sheriff's department dated July 29, 2020, principal and interest of \$14,351 due annually with a final balloon payment of \$9,000, interest rate 2.65%, final maturity date July 29, 2023	36,144
TOTAL CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE	\$ 1,134,299

A summary of the future minimum lease payments under the agreements along with the present value of the minimum debt payments as of September 30, 2021 follows:

Year Ended September 30		
2022	_	230,886
2023		274,320
2024		339,734
2025		206,062
2026		176,768
Total Minimum Debt Payments	\$	1,227,770
Less Amount Representing Interest		93,471
Present Value of Debt Payments	\$	1,134,299

3.J. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	198,968	\$	=
Debt Service Fund		151,981		-
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		•		350,949
	\$	350,949	\$	350,949

NOTE 4 - OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

A description of the pension plan pursuant to Paragraph 40 of GASB Statement No. 68 is as follows:

- a. McCulloch County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - 1) All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
 - 2) The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
 - 3) TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the county's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 160%) and is then converted to an annuity.
 - 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the county may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. The county's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The McCulloch County contribution rate is based on the TCDRS funding policy adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCDRS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the county and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the county for 2020 are shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions.
- e. The most recent comprehensive annual financial report for TCDRS can be found at the following link, https://www.tcdrs.org/employers/

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	48
Active employees	_ 45
	135

Contributions

A combination of three elements fund each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2020 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$152,463, and were more than the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal (1)

Amortization Method

Recognition of

Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Economic/Demographic

Gains or Losses

Charles I. I. I. I.

Recognition of Assumptions, Changes

or Inputs

Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Asset Valuation Method

Smooth Period

5 years

Recognition Method

Non-asymptotic

Corridor

None

Inflation

2.50%

Salary Increases

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general

wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Investment Rate of Return 7.60% (Gross of administrative expenses)

Cost of Living Cost-of-Living Adjustments for McCulloch County are not considered to be Adjustments substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore no assumption for future

substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption

for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Retirement Age Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of:

a) age 60; b) earliest retirement eligibility.

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have

similar entry ages.

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Tables

(1) Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, an is set based on a long-term horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities – Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (Net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities – Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (Net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment – Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	5.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	7.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2021 TCDRS Board meeting

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 2.0% per Cliffwater's 2021 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2006- present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pensions plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

			Ir	ncrease/(Decrease)	
		Total Pension		Fiduciary		Net Pension
Changes in Net Pension		Liability		Net Position		Liability/(Asset)
Liability / (Asset)		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2019	\$	5,614,607	\$	6,075,339	\$	(460,732)
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		229,997				229,997
Interest on Total Pension Liability (1)		457,842				457,842
Effect of Plan Changes (2)		7				-
Effects of Economic/Demographic						
Gains or Losses		22,927				22,927
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		337,253				337,253
Refund of Contributions		(29,995)		(29,995)		-
Benefit Payments		(362,111)		(362,111)		-
Administrative Expenses				(4,836)		4,836
Member Contributions				152,905		(152,905)
Net Investment Income				627,447		(627,447)
Employer Contributions				152,905		(152,905)
Other (3)			-	(1,952)		1,952
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$_	6,270,520	\$_	6,609,702	\$	(339,182)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the McCulloch County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	_	1% Decrease 6.60%	. <u>-</u>	Current Discount Rate 7.60%	g -	1% Increase 8.60%
Total Pension Liability	\$	7,068,301	\$	6,270,519	\$	5,606,271
Fiduciary Net Position	_	6,609,703		6,609,703	_	6,609,703
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$_	458,598	\$_	(339,183)	\$_	(1,003,432)

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Pension Expense / (Income)

	Jar	nuary 1, 2020 to
Prepaid Expense/(Income)	Dec	cember 31, 2020
Service Cost	\$	229,997
Interest on Total Pension Liability (1)		457,842
Effect of Plan Changes		_
Administrative Expenses		4,836
Member Contributions		(152,905)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses		(488,406)
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources		
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		(12,630)
Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs		119,805
Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses		(69,434)
Other (2)		1,952
Pension Expense/(Income)	\$	91,057

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

As of September 30, 2021, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 22,124	\$	18,993 232,223
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	233,452		
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A		110,294

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	_
2021	\$ 31,949
2022	113,426
2023	(121,926)
2024	(27,809)
2025	-
Thereafter (4)	

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, the accidental loss of real and personal property, damage to County assets, error and omissions and personnel risks which relate to workers compensation. The County has elected to participate in a shared risk pool along with a number of other rural Texas counties and other government organizations for all of these risks. The County makes regular payment to the West Texas Rural Counties Association (the Association) in amounts that would be comparable to the premiums that would be paid to a commercial insurance carrier. The Association has obtained catastrophic stop-loss coverage for risks covered in its liability and other insurance fund. Within the liability pool, disbursements are allocated among the counties based on

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

comparison of the counties to each other. All members pay their own claims, up to this allocated amount for the year, once a member meets that limit, all pool members share in any excess claims up to the point that the specific stop-loss coverage takes over.

4.C. HEALTH INSURANCE

All regular full-time employees of the County are eligible for coverage under the group hospitalization, medical, dental and life insurance program provided by the County. The County pays the premium for eligible employees. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members.

4.D. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agency cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

4.E. TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures (GASB 77). The standard requires local governments to disclose information about tax abatement agreements for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Tax abatements result from agreements entered into by the reporting government, as well as those that are initiated by other governments, which reduce the reporting government's tax revenues.

In August 2015, the County created the Rattlesnake Reinvestment Zone pursuant to Chapter 312 of the Texas Property Tax Code. The County entered into a tax abatement agreement with Rattlesnake Power, LLC in September 2015. The period in which taxes are abated will begin on the Commencement Date and will terminate on December 31 of the tenth (10th) year following the Commencement Date, unless sooner terminated in accordance with the terms of this agreement. The County abates the ad valorem taxes as agreed upon in the schedule of % abatement (% of taxes abated by year of operation). Upon default and termination, the County is entitled to recapture of property tax revenue lost (100% of taxes already abated). For the year ended September 30, 2021, the amount of taxes abated under this agreement was \$774,222 for the County and \$3,386 for the County Special.

In March of 2016, the County created the Heart of Texas Reinvestment Zone No. 3 and No. 4 pursuant to Chapter 312 of the Texas Property Tax Code. The County entered into a tax abatement agreement with Heart of Texas Wind, LLC in April 2016. The period in which taxes are abated will begin on the Commencement Date and will terminate on December 31 of the tenth (10th) year following the Commencement Date, unless sooner terminated in accordance with the terms of this agreement.

4.F. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unspent U.S. Department of Treasury State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds in the amount of \$775,399 are classified as unearned revenue in the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The funds are for response to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

4.G. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County implemented the provision of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement changes the definition of fiduciary activities, providing more refined guidance on how to determine if an activity is fiduciary in nature and therefore should be reported as such. The statement defined types of fiduciary funds, eliminating agency funds and replacing them with custodial funds. Under this guidance, fiduciary funds will now report a net position and a statement of changes in net position.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 required a restatement of net position for the fiduciary funds of \$445,324 and a restatement of fund balance for the governmental funds of \$27,771. This adjustment was needed to move the beginning balances to newly created fiduciary funds.

4.H. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Road and Bridge Fund in total.

4.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through April 11, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The County is not aware of any subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.



MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgeted .	Amo	ounts		Actual Amounts	Fina	ance With
	C	Priginal		Final	(GA	AP BASIS)		sitive or egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	3,951,321	\$	3,951,321	\$	4,044,415	\$	93,094
General Sales and Use Taxes	Ψ	550,000	Ψ	550,000	Ψ	585,966	Ψ	35,966
Other Taxes		5,000		5,000		9,183		4,183
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		-		2,000		46,519		46,519
Licenses and Permits		3,000		3,000		5,400		2,400
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		39,515		39,515		269,934		230,419
Charges for Services		282,250		282,250		352,654		70,404
Fines		160,000		160,000		218,911		58,911
Investment Earnings		40,000		40,000		43,451		3,451
Other Revenue		79,278		175,726		102,517		(73,209)
Total Revenues		5,110,364		5,206,811		5,678,950	2	472,139
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Administrative		1,314,028		1,314,028		1,250,803		63,225
Judicial		834,830		834,830		758,446		76,384
Elections		23,000		23,000		29,260		(6,260)
Public Safety		1,857,135		1,953,583		1,845,530		108,053
Culture and Recreation:		1,037,133		1,755,565		1,045,550		100,055
Non-Departmental		877,800		877,800		762,936		114,864
Veteran's Service Office		11,141		11,141		8,210		2,931
Conservation and Development:				~,,		0,210		2,751
Ag Extension		87,113		87,113		94 722		2 200
Debt Service:		67,113		67,113		84,733		2,380
Principal on Debt		69,945		69,945		66,004		3,941
Interest on Debt		11,415		11,415		7,374		4,041
Total Expenditures		5,086,407		5,182,855		4,813,296		369,559
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		23,957		23,956		865,654		841,698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In						252 772		252 555
Transfers III Transfers Out		-		-		353,772		353,772
Transfers Out						(154,804)		(154,804)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		·		198,968		198,968
Net Change		23,957		23,956		1,064,622		1,040,666
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		4,171,396		4,171,396		4,171,396		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,195,353	\$	4,195,352	\$	5,236,018	\$	1,040,666
			=					

MCCULLOCHCOUNTY, TEXAS ${\tt STATEMENTOFREVENUES}, {\tt EXPENDITURES} \, {\tt AND} \, {\tt CHANGES} \, {\tt INFUNDBALANCE}$ BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD & BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Fina	nce With I Budget
	Or	riginal		Final	100001	AP BASIS See Note)		sitive or egative)
REVENUES:								
Property Taxes	\$	351,229	\$	351,229	\$	363,639	\$	12,410
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		34,800		145,559		248,957		103,398
Charges for Services Fines		320,000		320,000		428,404		108,404
Investment Earnings		16,100		16,100		11,924		(4,176)
Other Revenue		5,000		5,000		15,965		10,965
2000000 Walk of 200000				15,420		2,743		(12,677)
Total Revenues		727,129		853,308		1,071,632		218,324
EXPENDITURES:								
Road & Bridge		582,011		757,911		779,825		(21,914)
Debt Service:		,1		757,511		777,023		(21,714)
Principal on Debt		127,571		127,571		292,404		(164,833)
Interest on Debt		35,649		35,649		39,060		(3,411)
Total Expenditures		745,231		921,131		1,111,289		(190,158)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,102)		(67,823)		(39,657)		28,166
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of Real and Personal Property		_		_		175,579		175,579
Noncurrent Loans		_		14,000		14,000		173,379
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			14,000		189,579		175,579
Change in Fund Balance		(10.100)					1	
		(18,102)		(53,823)		149,922		203,745
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		667,624		667,624		667,624		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	649,522	\$	613,801	\$	817,546	\$	203,745

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pla	FY 2021 in Year 2020	Pla	FY 2020 an Year 2019	Pla	FY 2019 an Year 2018
A. Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	229,997	\$	181,152	\$	194,318
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		457,842		442,022		431,240
Changes of Benefit Terms		-				
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		22,927		7,418		(23,110)
Changes of Assumptions		337,253				-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(392,107)		(572,648)		(344,129)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	655,912	\$	57,944	\$	258,319
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		5,614,607		5,556,663		5,298,344
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	6,270,519	\$	5,614,607	\$	5,556,663
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position			-		-	
Contributions - Employer	\$	152,905	\$	131,556	\$	113,073
Contributions - Employee		152,905		131,556		113,073
Net Investment Income		627,447		902,922		(108,062)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(392,106)		(572,648)		(344,128)
Administrative Expense		(4,836)		(4,630)		(4,415)
Other		(1,952)		(9,752)		(2,938)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	534,363	\$	579,004	\$	(233,397)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		6,075,339		5,496,335		5,729,732
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	6,609,702	\$	6,075,339	\$	5,496,335
C. Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(339,183)	\$	(460,732)	\$	60,328
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		105.41%		108.21%		98.91%
E. Covered Payroll	\$	2,184,363	\$	1,879,366	\$	1,615,332
F. Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(15.53%)		(24.52%)		3.73%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

	FY 2018 n Year 2017	Pla	FY 2017 an Year 2016	_Pl	FY 2016 an Year 2015	_Pla	FY 2015 in Year 2014
\$	196 150	Φ.	100,000	•	122 041	•	161 000
Ф	186,152	\$	199,000	\$	177,841	\$	161,983
	412,727		384,485		371,113		347,265
	(81,744)		19,422		(27,594)		56.461
	36,936		19,422		(73,629)		56,461
	(323,628)		(361,306)		53,432 (307,312)		(276,740)
\$	230,443	\$	241,601	\$	193,851	\$	288,969
	5,067,901		4,826,300		4,632,449	Ψ	4,343,480
\$	5,298,344	\$	5,067,901	\$	4,826,300	\$	4,632,449
\$	110,105	¢.	102 001	C.	102.000	•	04.500
Φ	110,105	\$	103,981 103,981	\$	103,900	\$	94,570
	742,201		359,990		103,900		94,570
	(323,628)		(361,306)		(9,338) (307,312)		322,177 (276,740)
	(3,810)		(3,915)		(3,561)		(3,781)
	(1,421)		27,872		(49,120)		12,950
\$	633,552	\$	230,603	\$	(161,531)	<u> </u>	243,746
	5,096,181	*	4,865,578	*	5,027,109	Ψ	4,783,364
\$	5,729,733	\$	5,096,181	\$	4,865,578	\$	5,027,110
\$	(431,389)	\$	(28,280)	\$	(39,278)	\$	(394,661)
	108.14%		100.56%		100.81%		108.52%
\$	1,572,931	\$	1,485,448	\$	1,484,285	\$	1,351,003
	(27.43%)		(1.90%)		(2.65%)		(29.21%)

MCCULLOCH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Year Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution (1)	Actual Employer Contribution (1)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	41,632	77,713	(36,081)	1,110,187	7.0%
2012	52,215	81,585	(29,370)	1,165,505	7.0%
2013	62,969	84,441	(21,472)	1,206,298	7.0%
2014	80,114	94,570	(14,456)	1,351,003	7.0%
2015	84,011	103,900	(19,889)	1,484,285	7.0%
2016	84,225	103,981	(19,756)	1,485,448	7.0%
2017	81,792	110,105	(28,313)	1,572,931	7.0%
2018	85,451	113,073	(27,622)	1,615,332	7.0%
2019	90,398	131,556	(41,159)	1,879,366	7.0%
2020	107,034	152,905	(45,871)	2,184,363	7.0%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

MCCULLOCH COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 1.1 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of

the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with

110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions*

2015: No changes in plan provisions.

2016: Employer contributions reflect that a 10% CPI COLA was adopted.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.



MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Library Fund	Α	Special d Valorem	Law n Library	
ASSETS	-					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	171,237	\$	55,771
Taxes Receivable		-		423		_
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		-		(127)		-
Accounts Receivable, Net		=		84		280
Total Assets	\$		\$	171,617	\$	56,051
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		296		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		296		-
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted Fund Balance:						
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		171,321		56,051
Assigned Fund Balance:				,		,
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		_
Total Fund Balances	-	-		171,321		56,051
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	171,617	\$	56,051

 Hot Check	Special Road Repairs		Road Archive		Court Records Preservation		ourthouse Security		Pre-Trial Diversion	Records anagement	storation and servation
\$ 4,856 - -	\$	891 - -	\$	97,794 - -	\$	13,065	\$ 83,314	\$	67,233 - -	\$ 94,664 - -	\$ 11,861 - -
\$ 5,066	\$	891	\$	97,794	\$	13,065	\$ 83,314	\$	67,233	\$ 94,664	\$ 11,861
 -				-	-	-	 -		-	 <u>-</u>	 -
5,066		891		97,794		13,065	83,314		67,233	94,664	11,861
 5,066		891		97,794		13,065	 83,314	_	67,233	94,664	 11,861
\$ 5,066	\$	891	\$	97,794	\$	13,065	\$ 83,314	\$	67,233	\$ 94,664	\$ 11,861

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Те	chnology Fees		Video Fees	nservation Dam aintenance		Probate Fraining
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	66,735	\$	4,813	\$ 22,000	\$	7,400
Taxes Receivable		-		-	-		-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		-		-	-		-
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		-	¥		-
Total Assets	\$	66,735	\$	4,813	\$ 22,000	\$	7,400
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		, -	_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-	-	-	- ,
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted Fund Balance:							
Other Restricted Fund Balance		66,735		4,813	22,000		7,400
Assigned Fund Balance:					,		,
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-	_		_
Total Fund Balances		66,735	_	4,813	 22,000		7,400
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	66,735	\$	4,813	\$ 22,000	\$	7,400

Supp	alary ol Excess Judge	Voting Equipment Rental	Child Abuse Prevention	,	Truancy Court		CERTZ Grant Fund	25	Court Reporter Fees		Specialty Court		Time ayment
\$	3,557	\$ 23,886	\$ 912	\$	371	\$	1,804	\$	3,480	\$	454	\$	157
	_	-	-		-) = '		=		-		-
	_	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	3,557	\$ 23,886	\$ 912	\$	371	\$	1,804	\$	2 490	Φ.	454	Φ.	-
-	====	23,000	ψ <i>712</i>	Ψ	371		1,004	D	3,480	\$	454	\$	157
	-				-						-		
	3,557	23,886	912		371		1,804		3,480		454		157
	-	=	-		-		_		_		-		
	3,557	23,886	912		371		1,804		3,480		454		157
\$	3,557	\$ 23,886	\$ 912	\$	371	\$	1,804	\$	3,480	\$	454	\$	157

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

							Total
					Sheriff	1	Vonmajor
	C	ommisary	3	Jury	LEOSE		Special
		Profit	Reiml	oursement	Fund	Rev	enue Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	44,129	\$	17	\$ 5,166	\$	785,567
Taxes Receivable		-		-	-		423
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)				5 = 1	Ħ		(127)
Accounts Receivable, Net		₩.		2.	-		574
Total Assets	\$	44,129	\$	17	\$ 5,166	\$	786,437
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-	-		296
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-:		-	-		296
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted Fund Balance:							
Other Restricted Fund Balance		44,129		17	5,166		786,141
Assigned Fund Balance:							5 765 Sin # 100 St 100
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		4 = 1	_		-
Total Fund Balances	_	44,129		17	 5,166		786,141
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	44,129	\$	17	\$ 5,166	\$	786,437

		Total	
P	ermanent	Nonmajo	r
Im	provement	Governmen	ital
	Fund	Funds	
-			
\$	329,779	\$ 1,115,3	46
	-	4	23
	:-	(1	27)
	368	9	42
\$	330,147	\$ 1,116,5	84
	-	2	96
	-	2	96
	-	786,1	41
	330,147	330,1	
	330,147	1,116,2	288
\$	330,147	\$ 1,116,5	84

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Library Fund	Specia Ad Valo		Law Library	,
REVENUES:			714 7410			
Property Taxes	\$	_	\$ 19	,862 \$	S	_
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		-	7	206		_
Charges for Services		-		_		-
Fines				-	4,	,465
Investment Earnings		2,328		,224		399
Other Revenue	\$	151	\$	- \$	5	-
Total Revenues		2,479	21	,292	4,	,864
EXPENDITURES:						
General Administrative		-		_		-
Judicial		-		-		-
Elections		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-
Non-Departmental	-	-				-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		2,479	21	,292	4,	,864
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In		-		_		-
Transfers Out		(353,772)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(353,772)				-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(351,293)	21	,292	4,	,86
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		351,293	150	,029	51,	18
Prior Period Adjustment		-		_	2. 20	-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ 171	,321 \$	56,	05

2	Hot Check	Special Road Repairs	Archive Fees	Court Records Preservation	Courthouse Security	Pre-Trial Diversion	Records Management	Restoration and Preservation
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	=		-	-	-	-	-
	512	-	22,913	1,964	5,680	5,616	-	~
	35	7	-	-	· - :	-	-	-
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,357	\$ 748
	547	7		1,964	5,680	5,616	22,357	748
	-	-	177	-	1,165	_		13,875
	-	-	-	-		9,673	-	-
	-	-	-	_	-	=	-	-
	-	-	-	_	÷	H	=	-
			177	-	1,165	9,673		13,875
	547	7	22,736	1,964	4,515	(4,057)	22,357	(13,127)
		-	(-)	-	s u l	2,492	-	-
-					-	-		-
	-				-	2,492	-	-
	547	7	22,736	1,964	4,515	(1,565)	22,357	(13,127)
	4,519	884	75,058	11,101	78,799	68,798	72,307	24,988
	-		-					-
\$	5,066	\$ 891	\$ 97,794	\$ 13,065	\$ 83,314	\$ 67,233	\$ 94,664	\$ 11,861

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Te	chnology Fees		Video Fees	Conservation Dam Maintenance		Probate Training
REVENUES:							
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		-		-	-		-
Charges for Services		4,028		60	=		-
Fines		-		-	-		-
Investment Earnings	Φ	-	Φ.	-	-		-
Other Revenue	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	
Total Revenues		4,028		60	-		
EXPENDITURES:							
General Administrative		-		_	-		331
Judicial		2,112		_	_		-
Elections		-		-	=		-
Public Safety		-		_	_		_
Non-Departmental		, <u>-</u>		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		2,112		-	-		331
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,916		60	-		(331)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers In		(147		_	_		331
Transfers Out		:=:		_	_		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-	-		331
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,916		60	-		_
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		64,819		4,753	22,000		7,400
Prior Period Adjustment		,=;		-	-		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	66,735	\$	4,813	\$ 22,000	\$	7,400
	-					-	

Salary Suppl Excess Co Judge		Voting Equipment Rental		Child Abuse Prevention		Truancy Court			CERTZ Grant Fund		Court Reporter Fees	Specialty Court			Time Payment
\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1
	-		-		-		-		8		-				-
	-		-		-		71				1,227		-		-
	-		-		*		-		H		-		-		-
\$	520	\$	13,025	\$	331	\$	-	\$	14	d.		Φ	-	_	=
	520	_	13,025	Ψ.	331	Ψ_	71	D		\$	- 1 225	\$	454	\$	157
		-	15,025	_	331	_			14	-	1,227	_	454		157
	-		-				-		-		_				_
	-		-		-		~		-		371		=		-
			18,365		-		-		-		-		=		-
	-		-				-		-		-		-		-
		_	18,365	-					-		-				-
		_	10,303	_	-	_			-		371		-		-
	520	_	(5,340)	_	331	_	71	-	14		856		454		157
	_		_												
			=		-		15		-		-		-		-
	_	_	-									-			-
		_		-		0				8					-
	520		(5,340)		331		71		14		856		454		157
	3,037		29,226		581		300		1,790		2,624				,_
	-	_	-		-				=		-		3 — X		=
\$	3,557	\$	23,886	\$	912	\$	371	8	1,804	•	3,480	•	454	Ф.	157

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Co	ommisary Profit	Jury Reimbursement	P.	Sheriff LEOSE Fund	Total Nonmajor Special venue Funds
REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$ 19,862
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		=			-	200
Charges for Services		-			932	43,003
Fines			-		-	4,465
Investment Earnings		218	-		36	4,261
Other Revenue	\$	31,905	\$ 17	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 69,665
Total Revenues	(2000-100)	32,123	17		968	141,462
EXPENDITURES:						
General Administrative		-	-		_	15,548
Judicial		-	;-		-	12,150
Elections		=	-			18,36:
Public Safety		11,567	-		-	11,56
Non-Departmental		+	-		-	-
Total Expenditures		11,567	-		-	 57,630
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	20,556	17		968	 83,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In		_	-		_	2,82
Transfers Out		-	(m)		-	(353,772
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	1-1		-	 (350,949
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,556	17		968	(267,123
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		-			_	1,025,493
Prior Period Adjustment		23,573	-		4,198	27,77
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	44,129	\$ 17	\$	5,166	\$ 786,14
	V 			-		

			Total
P	ermanent		Nonmajor
Im	provement	G	overnmental
	Fund		Funds
\$	91,063	\$	110,925
	=		206
	-		43,003
	-		4,465
	2,260		6,521
\$	-	\$	69,665
	93,323		234,785
	=		15,548
	-		12,156
	=		18,365
	-		11,567
	7,362		7,362
	7,362		64,998
	85,961		169,787
		-	
			2,823
	Ħ		(353,772)
	-		(350,949)
	85,961		(181,162)
	244,186		1,269,679
			27,771
\$	330,147	\$	1,116,288
		-	

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	State Trust Fund	rosecutor's Collection	Richards Memorial Library	Justice of the Peace		DREAM
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 50,822	\$ 6,520	\$ 1,654	\$ 10,153	\$	1,612
Accounts Receivable, Net	6,949	-	-	-		
Total Assets	\$ 57,771	\$ 6,520	\$ 1,654	\$ 10,153	\$	1,612
LIABILITIES					_	
Intergovernmental Payable	\$ 57,641	\$ -	\$: - ;	\$ -	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$ 57,641	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	=
NET POSITION						
Restricted for Other Purposes	130	6,520	1,654	10,153		1,612
Total Net Position	\$ 130	\$ 6,520	\$ 1,654	\$ 10,153	\$	1,612

Tax ssessor/ ollector	Colle	ssessor/ ector ter 19	District Clerk ccess Tax]	District Clerk	į	District Clerk Trust	County Clerk Escrow	County Clerk Fees	County Clerk Trust
\$ 92,683	\$	4 -	\$ 97,087	\$	9,290	\$	108,775	\$ 23,473	\$ 11,527	\$ 142
\$ -	\$	350	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
\$ 92,683 92,683	\$	4	\$ 97,087 97,087	\$	9,290 9,290	\$	108,775	\$ 23,473 23,473	\$ 11,527	\$ 142

MCCULLOCHCOUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	County Clerk 1st Escrow	-	heriff's partment	Inmate Trust	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS			-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,000	\$	5,238	\$ 52,520	\$ 499,500
Accounts Receivable, Net	-		-		6,949
Total Assets	28,000		5,238	52,520	506,449
LIABILITIES					
Intergovernmental Payable	\$ =	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 57,641
Total Liabilities	-		-	_	57,641
NET POSITION					
Restricted for Other Purposes	28,000		5,238	52,520	448,808
Total Net Position	\$ 28,000	\$	5,238	\$ 52,520	\$ 448,808

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	State Trust Fund		Prosecutor's Collection		Richards Memorial Library		Justice of the Peace		DREAM	
ADDITIONS: Investment Earnings	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- 9	S 12	
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		_	Ψ	_	Φ	4,678	Φ	. 1	, 12	
Other Revenue		229,969		9,206		-	443,497	,	-	
Total Additions		229,969		9,206		4,678	443,497		12	
DEDUCTIONS:										
Other Operating Costs		229,839		5,599		4,389	448,579)	-	
Total Deductions		229,839		5,599	10	4,389	448,579		-	
Change in Net Position		130		3,607		289	(5,082)		12	
Net Position- October 1 (Beginning)		*		-		-		•	-	
Prior Period Adjustment				2,913		1,365	15,235		1,600	
Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$	130	\$	6,520	\$	1,654	\$ 10,153	\$	1,612	

Tax Assessor/ Collector	Tax Assessor/ Collector Chapter 19	District Clerk Excess Tax	District Clerk	District Clerk Trust	County Clerk Escrow	County Clerk Fees	County Clerk Trust
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442	\$ 175	\$ -	\$ -
1,988,405	1,126	119,787	148,500	-	-	141,414	-
1,988,405	1,126	119,787	148,500	442	175	141,414	
2,005,619	1,126	104,017	150,027	12,060	-	147,947	=
2,005,619	1,126	104,017	150,027	12,060		147,947	
(17,214)	-	15,770	(1,527)	(11,618)	175	(6,533)	-
_	-	-	-	-	-	<u>~</u>	=
109,897	4	81,317	10,817	120,393	23,298	18,060	142
\$ 92,683	\$ 4	\$ 97,087	\$ 9,290	\$ 108,775	\$ 23,473	\$ 11,527	\$ 142

MCCULLOCH COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS AND FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	County			Total
	Clerk	Sheriff's	Inmate	Custodial
	Trust Escrow	Department	Trust	Funds
ADDITIONS:				
Investment Earnings	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 629
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources			-	4,678
Other Revenue	4,50	58,530	138,656	3,283,590
Total Additions	4,500	58,530	138,656	3,288,897
DEDUCTIONS:				
Other Operating Costs	500	63,092	112,619	3,285,413
Total Deductions	500	63,092	112,619	3,285,413
Change in Net Position	4,000	(4,562)	26,037	3,484
Net Position- October 1 (Beginning)			_	-
Prior Period Adjustment	24,000	9,800	26,483	445,324
Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 28,000	\$ 5,238	\$ 52,520	\$ 448,808



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

April 11, 2022

Honorable Judge and County Commissioners County of McCulloch Brady, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of McCulloch, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 19, 2021. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County of McCulloch, Texas are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. GASB Statement No. 84 Accounting and Reporting for Fiduciary Activities was adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2021. We noted no transactions entered into by the County of McCulloch, Texas during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

TEL: 830 997 3348 EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.com
P.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624
MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 11, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County of McCulloch's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County of McCulloch's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of changes in net pension liability and schedule of employer contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on combining statements and individual nonmajor fund statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting record used to prepare the financial statements.

Recommendations

Grants Manual

Since the County receives grants from both state and federal sources, we recommend that the County adopt a grants manual to establish written internal controls and processes over accounting for grants and compliance.

Capitalization Policy

We recommend the County adopt a capitalization policy to provide a dollar limit on what is to be capitalized (i.e., items purchased over \$1,000 or \$5,000).

County Clerk

The County Clerk did not timely remit money for collected for the month of April 2021 (remitted June 2021) to the County Treasurer. We recommend the County Clerk timely remit money to the County Treasurer to ensure the County's timely filing of state quarterly reports.

General Ledger

During the audit period the County did not maintain separate funds in the general ledger. This resulted in delays in determining the fund balances for financial reporting. The County has converted to another software for this current fiscal year. Recording separate funds in the general ledger should improve financial reporting and budgeting.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioner's Court and management of County of McCulloch and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Neffendorf & Blocker, P.C.

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas